

# Package ‘powerbrmsINLA’

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**Title** Bayesian Power Analysis Using 'brms' and 'INLA'

**Version** 1.1.1

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**Description** Provides tools for Bayesian power analysis and assurance calculations using the statistical frameworks of 'brms' and 'INLA'. Includes simulation-based approaches, support for multiple decision rules (direction, threshold, ROPE), sequential designs, and visualisation helpers. Methods are based on Kruschke (2014, ISBN:9780124058880) ``Doing Bayesian Data Analysis: A Tutorial with R, JAGS, and Stan'', O'Hagan & Stevens (2001) <doi:10.1177/0272989X0102100307> ``Bayesian Assessment of Sample Size for Clinical Trials of Cost-Effectiveness'', Kruschke (2018) <doi:10.1177/2515245918771304> ``Rejecting or Accepting Parameter Values in Bayesian Estimation'', Rue et al. (2009) <doi:10.1111/j.1467-9868.2008.00700.x> ``Approximate Bayesian inference for latent Gaussian models by using integrated nested Laplace approximations'', and Bürkner (2017) <doi:10.18637/jss.v080.i01> ``brms: An R Package for Bayesian Multilevel Models using Stan''.

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**URL** <https://github.com/Tony-Myers/powerbrmsINLA>

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## Contents

<code>.plot_decision_assurance_curve_from_summary</code>	2
<code>add_decision_overlay</code>	3
<code>beta_binom_power</code>	4
<code>beta_weights_on_grid</code>	4
<code>brms_inla_power</code>	5
<code>brms_inla_power_design</code>	7
<code>brms_inla_power_parallel</code>	8
<code>brms_inla_power_sequential</code>	9
<code>brms_inla_power_two_stage</code>	11
<code>decide_sample_size</code>	13
<code>hdi_of_icdf</code>	14
<code>min_n_beta_binom</code>	15
<code>plot_assurance_with_robustness</code>	16
<code>plot_bf_assurance_curve</code>	17
<code>plot_bf_assurance_curve_smooth</code>	17
<code>plot_bf_expected_evidence</code>	18
<code>plot_bf_heatmap</code>	19
<code>plot_decision_assurance_curve</code>	20
<code>plot_decision_threshold_contour</code>	21
<code>plot_interaction_surface</code>	22
<code>plot_power_contour</code>	23
<code>plot_power_heatmap</code>	24
<code>plot_precision_assurance_curve</code>	24
<code>plot_precision_fan_chart</code>	25
<b>Index</b>	<b>27</b>

---

`.plot_decision_assurance_curve_from_summary`  
*Plot decision/assurance curve across n*

---

### Description

Plot decision/assurance curve across n

### Usage

```
.plot_decision_assurance_curve_from_summary(  
  x,  
  y_metric = c("assurance", "power_direction", "power_threshold", "power_ropes",  
              "bf_hit_10"),  
  target = NULL,  
  effect_filter = NULL,  
  first_n_label = TRUE  
)
```

**Arguments**

x	Engine result list (with \$summary) or a data.frame.
y_metric	One of "assurance", "power_direction", "power_threshold", "power_ropes", "bf_hit_10".
target	Optional horizontal target line.
effect_filter	Named list for exact-match filtering (e.g., list(treatment=0.5)).
first_n_label	If TRUE, annotate first n reaching target.

**Value**

ggplot object.

---

add\_decision\_overlay *Add sample-size decision overlay to an assurance contour*

---

**Description**

Overlays the output of decide\_sample\_size() as a step-line on a contour plot (e.g. from plot\_power\_contour()).

**Usage**

```
add_decision_overlay(p, decisions, x_effect = NULL, colour = "red")
```

**Arguments**

p	A ggplot object, typically from plot_power_contour().
decisions	A data.frame or tibble returned by decide_sample_size(), containing at least one effect column and n_recommended.
x_effect	Name of the effect column to use on the x-axis. If NULL, the first column that is not n_recommended or rationale is used.
colour	Colour for the overlay line (default "red").

**Details**

If the decisions contain multiple effect-grid columns, the overlay is aggregated over all effect columns except x\_effect by taking the worst-case (maximum) recommended n at each value of x\_effect.

**Value**

A ggplot object.

---

beta\_binom\_power      *Analytic Assurance for Beta-Binomial Designs*

---

### Description

Computes assurance (power) using generating and audience Beta priors for a binomial count via a Beta-Binomial predictive distribution.

### Usage

```
beta_binom_power(
  n,
  gen_prior_a,
  gen_prior_b,
  aud_prior_a,
  aud_prior_b,
  hdi_mass = 0.95,
  rope = NULL,
  hdi_max_width = NULL
)
```

### Arguments

n                      Sample size (number of trials).  
 gen\_prior\_a, gen\_prior\_b                      Generating Beta prior parameters.  
 aud\_prior\_a, aud\_prior\_b                      Audience Beta prior parameters.  
 hdi\_mass              HDI mass (e.g., 0.95).  
 rope                      Length-2 numeric vector for ROPE bounds, or NULL for max-width rule.  
 hdi\_max\_width      Positive width threshold for the HDI (used if rope=NULL).

### Value

Assurance value between 0 and 1.

---

beta\_weights\_on\_grid      *Beta-Prior Weights Over an Effect Grid*

---

### Description

Computes prior weights over a grid of true effect values by evaluating a Beta(mode, n) prior. If the grid is not in (0,1), it is rescaled linearly.

**Usage**

```
beta_weights_on_grid(effects, mode, n)
```

**Arguments**

effects	Numeric vector of effect values (grid).
mode	Prior mode in (0,1).
n	Prior concentration (> 2).

**Value**

Normalised numeric weights over the grid (sum to 1).

---

brms_inla_power	<i>Core Bayesian Assurance / Power Simulation (Modern, Multi-Effect Ready)</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

Provides Bayesian power analysis and assurance calculation using INLA (Integrated Nested Laplace Approximation) for efficient computation. Implements simulation-based power analysis for generalized linear mixed models with automatic threading optimization.

**Usage**

```
brms_inla_power(
  formula,
  family = gaussian(),
  family_control = NULL,
  Ntrials = NULL,
  E = NULL,
  scale = NULL,
  priors = NULL,
  data_generator = NULL,
  effect_name,
  effect_grid = 0.5,
  sample_sizes = c(50, 100, 200, 400),
  nsims = 200,
  power_threshold = 0.8,
  precision_target = NULL,
  prob_threshold = 0.95,
  effect_threshold = 0,
  credible_level = 0.95,
  rope_bounds = NULL,
  error_sd = 1,
  group_sd = 0.5,
```

```

obs_per_group = 10,
predictor_means = NULL,
predictor_sds = NULL,
seed = 123,
inla_hyper = NULL,
compute_bayes_factor = FALSE,
bf_method = c("sd", "marglik"),
bf_cutoff = 10,
inla_num_threads = NULL,
progress = c("auto", "text", "none"),
family_args = list()
)

```

### Arguments

<code>formula</code>	Model formula.
<code>family</code>	brms GLM family (e.g., <code>gaussian()</code> , <code>binomial()</code> ).
<code>family_control</code>	Optional list for INLA's <code>control.family</code> .
<code>Ntrials</code>	Optional vector for binomial trials.
<code>E</code>	Optional vector for Poisson exposure.
<code>scale</code>	Optional vector scale parameter for INLA families.
<code>priors</code>	Optional <code>brms::prior</code> specification.
<code>data_generator</code>	Optional function( <code>n</code> , <code>effect</code> ) returning a dataset.
<code>effect_name</code>	Character vector of fixed effect names.
<code>effect_grid</code>	Vector/data.frame of effect values (supports multi-effect). For single effects, use a numeric vector. For multiple effects, use a data.frame with column names matching <code>effect_name</code> .
<code>sample_sizes</code>	Vector of sample sizes.
<code>nsims</code>	Number of simulations per cell.
<code>power_threshold</code>	Decision probability threshold for summary.
<code>precision_target</code>	Optional credible interval width target.
<code>prob_threshold</code>	Posterior probability threshold for decision rules.
<code>effect_threshold</code>	Effect-size threshold.
<code>credible_level</code>	Credible interval level (default 0.95).
<code>rope_bounds</code>	Optional Region of Practical Equivalence bounds (length 2 vector).
<code>error_sd</code>	Gaussian residual standard deviation.
<code>group_sd</code>	Random effects standard deviation.
<code>obs_per_group</code>	Observations per group.
<code>predictor_means</code>	Optional named list of predictor means.

predictor_sds	Optional named list of predictor standard deviations.
seed	Random seed.
inla_hyper	Optional INLA-specific hyperparameters.
compute_bayes_factor	Logical, compute Bayes Factor if TRUE.
bf_method	Character. "sd" = Savage-Dickey at 0 (requires proper Normal prior on the tested coefficient); "marglik" = marginal-likelihood Bayes factor via INLA by comparing full vs reduced model (slower).
bf_cutoff	Numeric Bayes-factor threshold for declaring a "hit" (default 10).
inla_num_threads	Character string specifying INLA threading (e.g., "4:1" for 4 threads). If NULL (default), automatically detects optimal setting: "4:1" for 4+ cores, "2:1" for 2-3 cores, "1:1" otherwise.
progress	One of "auto", "text", or "none" for progress display.
family_args	List of arguments for family-specific data generators.

**Value**

List with results, summary, and settings.

---

brms\_inla\_power\_design

*Design-based wrapper for Bayesian power / assurance*

---

**Description**

Dispatches to one of the three engines depending on design. This function must accept ... and pass it on unchanged.

**Usage**

```
brms_inla_power_design(design = c("fixed", "two_stage", "sequential"), ...)
```

**Arguments**

design	Character scalar: "fixed", "two_stage", or "sequential".
...	Arguments passed on to the corresponding engine.

**Value**

Whatever the underlying engine returns.

---

brms\_inla\_power\_parallel

*Parallel wrapper for fixed-design Bayesian power / assurance simulations*


---

### Description

Parallelises over cells defined by sample\_sizes x effect\_grid for the fixed-n engine brms\_inla\_power().

### Usage

```
brms_inla_power_parallel(
  design = c("fixed"),
  sample_sizes,
  effect_grid,
  nsims,
  n_cores = max(1L, parallel::detectCores() - 1L),
  seed = 123L,
  progress = c("auto", "text", "none"),
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

design	Character scalar. Currently only "fixed" is supported.
sample_sizes	Numeric vector of sample sizes (required).
effect_grid	Numeric vector or data frame defining effect scenarios (required).
nsims	Integer number of simulations per cell.
n_cores	Integer number of worker processes. Default is max(1L, parallel::detectCores() - 1L).
seed	Integer base seed. Each cell uses seed + cell_id.
progress	Logical or character; controls wrapper-level progress bar.
...	Further arguments passed directly to brms_inla_power(), such as formula, family, priors, effect_name, compute_bayes_factor, bf_method, inla_hyper, inla_num_threads, etc.

### Value

A list with components summary, results, and settings.

---

`brms_inla_power_sequential`*Sequential Bayesian Assurance Simulation Engine (Modern, Multi-Effect Ready)*

---

**Description**

Simulates assurance sequentially in batches, stopping early per cell based on Wilson confidence intervals.

**Usage**

```
brms_inla_power_sequential(  
  formula,  
  family = gaussian(),  
  family_control = NULL,  
  Ntrials = NULL,  
  E = NULL,  
  scale = NULL,  
  priors = NULL,  
  data_generator = NULL,  
  effect_name,  
  effect_grid,  
  sample_sizes,  
  metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope", "bf"),  
  target = 0.8,  
  prob_threshold = 0.95,  
  effect_threshold = 0,  
  rope_bounds = NULL,  
  credible_level = 0.95,  
  compute_bayes_factor = FALSE,  
  error_sd = 1,  
  group_sd = 0.5,  
  obs_per_group = 10,  
  predictor_means = NULL,  
  predictor_sds = NULL,  
  seed = 1,  
  batch_size = 20,  
  min_sims = 40,  
  max_sims = 600,  
  ci_conf = 0.95,  
  margin = 0.02,  
  inla_num_threads = NULL,  
  family_args = list(),  
  progress = TRUE  
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>formula</code>	brms-style model formula.
<code>family</code>	GLM family (e.g., <code>gaussian()</code> , <code>binomial()</code> ).
<code>family_control</code>	Optional list for INLA's <code>control.family</code> .
<code>Ntrials</code>	Optional vector of binomial trial counts (for binomial families).
<code>E</code>	Optional vector of exposures (for Poisson families).
<code>scale</code>	Optional numeric vector for scale parameter in INLA.
<code>priors</code>	brms prior specification object.
<code>data_generator</code>	Optional function( <code>n</code> , <code>effect</code> ) to simulate data.
<code>effect_name</code>	Character vector of fixed effects to assess.
<code>effect_grid</code>	Data frame or vector of effect values.
<code>sample_sizes</code>	Vector of sample sizes.
<code>metric</code>	Character; one of "direction", "threshold", "rope", or "bf" for Bayesian decision metric.
<code>target</code>	Target assurance value for stopping.
<code>prob_threshold</code>	Posterior probability threshold for decision metrics.
<code>effect_threshold</code>	Effect-size threshold.
<code>rope_bounds</code>	Numeric length-2 vector defining ROPE.
<code>credible_level</code>	Credible interval level for Bayesian inference.
<code>compute_bayes_factor</code>	Logical; TRUE if metric is "bf".
<code>error_sd</code>	Residual standard deviation.
<code>group_sd</code>	Standard deviation of random effects.
<code>obs_per_group</code>	Number of observations per group.
<code>predictor_means</code>	Optional named list of predictor means.
<code>predictor_sds</code>	Optional named list of predictor standard deviations.
<code>seed</code>	Random seed.
<code>batch_size</code>	Number of simulations per sequential look.
<code>min_sims</code>	Minimum simulations before early stopping.
<code>max_sims</code>	Maximum simulations per cell.
<code>ci_conf</code>	Confidence level for Wilson confidence intervals.
<code>margin</code>	Margin around target for early stopping decision.
<code>inla_num_threads</code>	Character string specifying INLA threading (e.g., "4:1"). If NULL (default), automatically detects optimal setting based on CPU cores.
<code>family_args</code>	List of family-specific args passed to data generator.
<code>progress</code>	Logical; if TRUE, show progress messages.

**Details**

Sequential Bayesian Assurance Simulation Engine (Modern, Multi-Effect Ready)

Simulates assurance sequentially in batches, stopping early per cell based on Wilson confidence intervals.

**Value**

List containing summary per cell and simulation settings.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Sequential design with automatic threading
results <- brms_inla_power_sequential(
  formula = outcome ~ treatment,
  effect_name = "treatment",
  effect_grid = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.8),
  sample_sizes = c(50, 100, 200),
  metric = "direction",
  target = 0.80
)
print(results$summary)

## End(Not run)
```

---

brms\_inla\_power\_two\_stage

*Two-Stage Bayesian Assurance Simulation (Multi-Effect, User-Friendly API)*

---

**Description**

Runs a two-stage Bayesian assurance simulation with formula-based multi-effect grids and adaptive refinement.

**Usage**

```
brms_inla_power_two_stage(
  formula,
  effect_name,
  effect_grid,
  n_range,
  stage1_k_n = 8,
  stage1_nsims = 100,
  stage2_nsims = 400,
  refine_metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope"),
  refine_target = 0.8,
```

```

  prob_threshold = 0.95,
  effect_threshold = 0,
  obs_per_group = NULL,
  error_sd = NULL,
  group_sd = 0.5,
  band = 0.06,
  expand = 1L,
  inla_num_threads = NULL,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

<code>formula</code>	Model formula.
<code>effect_name</code>	Character vector of fixed effect names; must match formula terms.
<code>effect_grid</code>	Data frame with columns named by <code>effect_name</code> specifying effect values.
<code>n_range</code>	Numeric length-2 vector specifying sample size range.
<code>stage1_k_n</code>	Number of grid points in stage 1.
<code>stage1_nsims</code>	Number of simulations per cell in stage 1.
<code>stage2_nsims</code>	Number of simulations per cell in stage 2.
<code>refine_metric</code>	Metric used for refinement; one of "direction", "threshold", or "rope".
<code>refine_target</code>	Target assurance for refined cells.
<code>prob_threshold</code>	Posterior probability threshold for decision.
<code>effect_threshold</code>	Effect-size threshold for decision metric.
<code>obs_per_group</code>	Number of observations per group for grouping factors.
<code>error_sd</code>	Residual standard deviation.
<code>group_sd</code>	Standard deviation of random effects.
<code>band</code>	Numeric width of the target refinement band.
<code>expand</code>	Integer; how much to expand the refinement grid around candidates.
<code>inla_num_threads</code>	Character string specifying INLA threading (e.g., "4:1"). If NULL (default), automatically detects optimal setting based on CPU cores.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to internal functions.

### Value

A list with combined simulation results, summary, and stage parameters.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Two-stage design with threading
effect_grid <- expand.grid(
  treatment = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.8),
  covariate = c(0.1, 0.3)
)
results <- brms_inla_power_two_stage(
  formula = outcome ~ treatment + covariate,
  effect_name = c("treatment", "covariate"),
  effect_grid = effect_grid,
  n_range = c(50, 200),
  stage1_nsims = 3,
  stage2_nsims = 3,
  error_sd = 1
)
print(results$summary)

## End(Not run)
```

---

decide\_sample\_size      *Decide recommended sample size from power/assurance results*

---

**Description**

Returns the smallest n per effect setting that meets user-specified targets. Works with both `brms_inla_power()` and `brms_inla_power_sequential()` outputs.

**Usage**

```
decide_sample_size(
  x,
  direction = NULL,
  threshold = NULL,
  rope_in = NULL,
  bf10 = NULL,
  bf_prop_min = 0,
  targets = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	A list with <code>\$summary</code> (engine output) or a <code>data.frame</code> summary itself.
<code>direction</code>	Numeric in $[0, 1]$ , required power for <code>power_direction</code> (optional).
<code>threshold</code>	Numeric in $[0, 1]$ , required power for <code>power_threshold</code> (optional).
<code>rope_in</code>	Numeric in $[0, 1]$ , maximum allowed $\Pr(\text{in ROPE})$ (optional). Note: since summaries usually contain <code>power_rope = Pr(outside ROPE) &gt;= prob_threshold</code> , we compare $(1 - \text{power\_rope}) \leq \text{rope\_in}$ when <code>rope_in</code> is given.

bf10	Numeric Bayes-factor cutoff (e.g., 10). If provided, we look for a column named <code>bf_hit_&lt;bf10&gt;</code> ; if not found, we fall back to any <code>bf_hit_*</code> column present.
bf_prop_min	Numeric in $[0, 1]$ , the minimum proportion of simulations that must achieve $\text{BF} \geq \text{bf10}$ (default 0).
targets	Optional list alternative to the direct args. Ignored if any direct arg is non-NULL.

### Details

You can pass `targets` directly via arguments (`direction`, `threshold`, `rope_in`, `bf10`) or via `targets = list(direction=..., threshold=..., rope_in=..., bf10=...)`. Direct arguments take precedence if supplied.

### Value

A `data.frame` with recommended `n` per effect combination and the rationale.

---

hdi_of_icdf	<i>Highest Density Interval from an Inverse CDF</i>
-------------	---

---

### Description

Computes an HDI of given mass from any distribution for which you have a quantile function (inverse CDF).

### Usage

```
hdi_of_icdf(qfun, width = 0.95, tol = 1e-08, ...)
```

### Arguments

qfun	Quantile function, e.g., <code>qbeta</code> , <code>qnorm</code> , ...
width	Desired HDI mass (e.g., 0.95).
tol	Optimizer tolerance.
...	Additional arguments passed to <code>qfun</code> .

### Value

Named numeric vector with elements `ll` and `ul`.

---

min_n_beta_binom	<i>Minimum n for Target Assurance (Beta-Binomial)</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Minimum n for Target Assurance (Beta-Binomial)

**Usage**

```
min_n_beta_binom(  
  gen_prior_mode,  
  gen_prior_n,  
  desired_power,  
  aud_prior_mode = 0.5,  
  aud_prior_n = 2,  
  hdi_mass = 0.95,  
  rope = NULL,  
  hdi_max_width = NULL,  
  n_start = 20,  
  n_max = 1e+05,  
  verbose = TRUE  
)
```

**Arguments**

gen_prior_mode	Generating prior mode in (0,1).
gen_prior_n	Generating prior concentration ( $\geq 2$ ).
desired_power	Target assurance value in (0,1).
aud_prior_mode	Audience prior mode in (0,1).
aud_prior_n	Audience prior concentration ( $\geq 2$ ).
hdi_mass	HDI mass (e.g., 0.95).
rope	Length-2 numeric vector for ROPE bounds, or NULL for max-width rule.
hdi_max_width	Positive width threshold for the HDI (used if rope=NULL).
n_start	Starting sample size for search.
n_max	Maximum sample size to try.
verbose	If TRUE, prints progress.

**Value**

Smallest n meeting the target assurance.

---

 plot\_assurance\_with\_robustness

*Plot Assurance with Robustness Ribbon (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)*


---

## Description

Compares assurance results from multiple scenarios by showing the range ("ribbon") of values across scenarios for each sample size and effect grid variable.

## Usage

```
plot_assurance_with_robustness(
  power_results_list,
  metric = c("precision", "direction", "threshold", "bf"),
  x_effect = NULL,
  facet_by = NULL,
  precision_target = NULL,
  p_star = 0.95,
  bf_threshold = 10,
  effect_filters = NULL,
  effect_weights = NULL,
  show_individual_scenarios = FALSE,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

power_results_list	Named list of results objects from <code>brms_inla_power</code> or sequential/two-stage variants.
metric	Which assurance metric to compute: "precision", "direction", "threshold", or "bf".
x_effect	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default: first detected grid column).
facet_by	Optional effect grid column(s) to facet by.
precision_target	CI width target if metric="precision".
p_star	Posterior probability threshold for "direction"/"threshold".
bf_threshold	BF10 threshold for "bf".
effect_filters	Optional named list for filtering rows (e.g. <code>list(treatment=0)</code> ).
effect_weights	Optional named numeric vector for averaging over grid values.
show_individual_scenarios	Logical; if TRUE, overlay each scenario's curve.
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

**Value**

A ggplot object.

---

plot\_bf\_assurance\_curve

*Bayes-factor assurance curve (user-facing wrapper)*

---

**Description**

This is the main function users should call to visualise Bayes-factor "power" / assurance. It is a thin wrapper around `plot_bf_assurance_curve_smooth()`, so all existing behaviour is preserved.

**Usage**

```
plot_bf_assurance_curve(power_results, bf_threshold = 10, effect_filter = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

`power_results` Output from a `brms_inla_power*` function (or a `data.frame` with columns `n`, `bf10` and any effect columns).

`bf_threshold` Numeric Bayes factor cutoff (default 10).

`effect_filter` Optional named list to filter effect-grid columns, e.g. `list(treatment = 0.3)`.

**Value**

A ggplot object.

---

plot\_bf\_assurance\_curve\_smooth

*Bayes-factor assurance curve with Wilson CIs (multi-effect grid friendly)*

---

**Description**

Plots the proportion of simulations in which BF10 meets or exceeds a threshold, grouped by sample size and any effect grid variables.

**Usage**

```
plot_bf_assurance_curve_smooth(x, cutoff = 10, effect_filter = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

x	Engine result (list with \$results) or a data.frame with at least columns n, bf10 and any effect columns (e.g., treatment).
cutoff	Numeric Bayes factor threshold for a "hit" (default 10).
effect_filter	Optional named list to filter effects, e.g. list(treatment = 0.6).

**Value**

A ggplot object.

---

plot\_bf\_expected\_evidence

*Plot Expected Evidence (mean log10 BF10, Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)*

---

**Description**

Plots the average log10 BF10 against any effect grid variable, grouped/faceted.

**Usage**

```
plot_bf_expected_evidence(
  power_results,
  x_effect = NULL,
  facet_by = NULL,
  n = NULL,
  agg_fun = mean,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

power_results	Simulation results from a brms_inla_power* function with compute_bayes_factor = TRUE.
x_effect	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default: first grid column).
facet_by	Optional grid column(s) to facet by (default: NULL).
n	Optional sample size to filter to (NULL means plot all; else one curve per grid/facet).
agg_fun	Aggregation function if >1 entries per cell (default: mean).
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

**Value**

A ggplot object.

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plot_bf_heatmap	<i>Plot Bayes Factor Heatmap (mean log10 BF10, Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)</i>
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---

## Description

Heatmap of mean log10 BF10 as a function of two effect grid columns (x/y), with optional faceting.

## Usage

```
plot_bf_heatmap(  
  power_results,  
  x_effect = NULL,  
  y_effect = "n",  
  facet_by = NULL,  
  n = NULL,  
  agg_fun = mean,  
  title = NULL,  
  subtitle = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

power_results	Simulation results from a <code>brms_inla_power*</code> function with <code>compute_bayes_factor = TRUE</code> .
x_effect	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default: first grid column).
y_effect	Name of effect grid column for y-axis (default: "n").
facet_by	Optional column(s) to facet by.
n	Optional sample size to filter to (NULL means plot all; else show only that n).
agg_fun	Aggregation function (default: mean).
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

## Value

ggplot object.

---

`plot_decision_assurance_curve`*Plot Decision Assurance Curve (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)*

---

## Description

Plots the assurance (proportion of simulation runs meeting a posterior probability decision rule) versus an effect grid variable, for a given metric ("direction", "threshold", or "rope") at a fixed decision probability threshold  $p_{\text{star}}$ .

## Usage

```
plot_decision_assurance_curve(  
  power_results,  
  metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope"),  
  p_star = 0.95,  
  x_effect = NULL,  
  facet_by = NULL,  
  effect_filters = NULL,  
  effect_weights = NULL,  
  title = NULL,  
  subtitle = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

<code>power_results</code>	A list returned by <code>brms_inla_power*</code> .
<code>metric</code>	Decision metric: "direction", "threshold", or "rope".
<code>p_star</code>	Numeric decision threshold in (0,1).
<code>x_effect</code>	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default: first grid column).
<code>facet_by</code>	Optional effect grid column(s) to facet by.
<code>effect_filters</code>	Optional named list for filtering rows, e.g. <code>list(treatment=0)</code> .
<code>effect_weights</code>	Optional named numeric vector of weights for selected <code>x_effect</code> values.
<code>title, subtitle</code>	Optional plot labels.

## Value

A ggplot object.

---

`plot_decision_threshold_contour`*Plot Decision Threshold Contour (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)*

---

## Description

Shows assurance as a function of decision threshold  $p^*$  and one effect grid column, optionally faceted.

## Usage

```
plot_decision_threshold_contour(  
  power_results,  
  metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope"),  
  p_star_grid = seq(0.5, 0.99, by = 0.01),  
  effect_var = NULL,  
  facet_by = NULL,  
  effect_value = NULL,  
  effect_weights = NULL,  
  title = NULL,  
  subtitle = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

<code>power_results</code>	brms_inla_power list (or two-stage, etc.)
<code>metric</code>	Which metric: "direction", "threshold", "rope"
<code>p_star_grid</code>	Numeric vector of decision thresholds (default: 0.5 to 0.99 by 0.01)
<code>effect_var</code>	Name of effect grid column for y-axis (default: first detected grid column)
<code>facet_by</code>	Optional effect grid column(s) to facet by
<code>effect_value</code>	Optional value(s) to filter for <code>effect_var</code> , or named list for multi-filter
<code>effect_weights</code>	Optional weights for aggregation (named by <code>effect_var</code> values)
<code>title, subtitle</code>	Optional plot labels.

## Value

ggplot2 object.

---

```
plot_interaction_surface
```

*Plot Interaction Assurance Surface/Heatmap/Lines (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)*

---

### Description

Visualizes a metric (e.g., assurance) as a function of two effect grid variables for a fixed sample size or averaged over n. Allows line, heatmap, or contour modes.

### Usage

```
plot_interaction_surface(  
  data,  
  metric,  
  effect1,  
  effect2,  
  n = NULL,  
  line = FALSE,  
  facet_by = NULL,  
  agg_fun = mean,  
  title = NULL,  
  subtitle = NULL  
)
```

### Arguments

data	Data frame (typically power_results\$summary).
metric	Name of the summary column to plot, e.g. "power_direction", "power_threshold".
effect1	Name of effect grid column for x-axis.
effect2	Name of effect grid column for y-axis or color/facets.
n	Optional sample size to filter to (else averages/plots all n's).
line	Logical; if TRUE, make a lineplot (effect1 on x, one line for each effect2). If FALSE, make a heatmap or contour.
facet_by	Optional grid column(s) to facet by.
agg_fun	Aggregation function if multiple entries per cell (default = mean).
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

### Value

A ggplot object.

---

plot_power_contour	<i>Draw a filled contour plot of assurance for a chosen metric, as a function of two effect grid columns and sample size.</i>
--------------------	---

---

### Description

Draw a filled contour plot of assurance for a chosen metric, as a function of two effect grid columns and sample size.

### Usage

```
plot_power_contour(
  power_results,
  power_metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope"),
  x_effect = NULL,
  y_effect = "n",
  facet_by = NULL,
  power_threshold = 0.8,
  show_threshold_line = TRUE,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

### Arguments

power_results	Output from a brms_inla_power function.
power_metric	Which metric to plot: "direction", "threshold", or "rope".
x_effect	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default = first effect).
y_effect	Name of effect grid column for y-axis (default = "n").
facet_by	Optional effect grid column(s) to facet by.
power_threshold	Optional contour line for assurance (default 0.8).
show_threshold_line	Logical; add a red contour at power_threshold.
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

### Value

A ggplot object.

---

plot_power_heatmap	<i>Plot Bayesian Power / Assurance Heatmap (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)</i>
--------------------	---

---

### Description

Heatmap of assurance for a chosen metric across two selected effect grid variables and sample sizes.

### Usage

```
plot_power_heatmap(
  power_results,
  power_metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope"),
  x_effect = NULL,
  y_effect = "n",
  facet_by = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

### Arguments

power_results	Output from a brms_inla_power function.
power_metric	Which metric to plot: "direction", "threshold", or "rope".
x_effect	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default = first effect).
y_effect	Name of effect grid column for y-axis (default = "n").
facet_by	Optional effect grid column(s) to facet by.
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

### Value

A ggplot object.

---

plot_precision_assurance_curve	<i>Plot Precision Assurance Curve (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)</i>
--------------------------------	--

---

### Description

Plots the assurance (proportion of runs meeting CI width  $\leq$  target) vs. a chosen effect grid variable across sample size(s). Supports faceting, effect filtering, and weights.

**Usage**

```
plot_precision_assurance_curve(
  power_results,
  precision_target,
  x_effect = NULL,
  facet_by = NULL,
  effect_filters = NULL,
  effect_weights = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

`power_results` List returned by `brms_inla_power*`.

`precision_target` Numeric; credible interval width threshold for success.

`x_effect` Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default: first grid column).

`facet_by` Optional effect grid column(s) for faceting.

`effect_filters` Optional named list for filtering rows, e.g. `list(treatment=0)`.

`effect_weights` Optional named numeric vector for weights over selected `x_effect` values.

`title, subtitle` Optional plot labels.

**Value**

A ggplot object.

---

`plot_precision_fan_chart`

*Precision assurance as a function of sample size*

---

**Description**

Plots the proportion of simulations in which the posterior credible interval width is less than or equal to a target, as a function of sample size  $n$ . Optionally colours separate curves by an effect-grid variable.

**Usage**

```
plot_precision_fan_chart(
  power_results,
  ci_width_target,
  effect_filter = NULL,
  colour_by = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>power_results</code>	Output from a <code>brms_inla_power*</code> function, or a <code>data.frame</code> with at least columns <code>n</code> and <code>ci_width</code> , plus any effect-grid columns (e.g. <code>treatment</code> , <code>age_effect</code> ).
<code>ci_width_target</code>	Numeric, target width for the credible interval. Assurance is defined as $\Pr(\text{ci\_width} \leq \text{ci\_width\_target})$ .
<code>effect_filter</code>	Optional named list for filtering effect-grid columns, e.g. <code>list(treatment = 0.3)</code> .
<code>colour_by</code>	Optional name of an effect-grid column to colour separate curves by. If <code>NULL</code> , only <code>n</code> is used.
<code>title, subtitle</code>	Optional plot labels.

**Details**

This implementation works directly from the per-simulation results (column `ci_width`) and does not rely on the robustness engine.

**Value**

A `ggplot` object.

# Index

[.plot\\_decision\\_assurance\\_curve\\_from\\_summary,](#)  
[2](#)

[add\\_decision\\_overlay,](#) [3](#)

[beta\\_binom\\_power,](#) [4](#)  
[beta\\_weights\\_on\\_grid,](#) [4](#)  
[brms\\_inla\\_power,](#) [5](#)  
[brms\\_inla\\_power\\_design,](#) [7](#)  
[brms\\_inla\\_power\\_parallel,](#) [8](#)  
[brms\\_inla\\_power\\_sequential,](#) [9](#)  
[brms\\_inla\\_power\\_two\\_stage,](#) [11](#)

[decide\\_sample\\_size,](#) [13](#)

[hdi\\_of\\_icdf,](#) [14](#)

[min\\_n\\_beta\\_binom,](#) [15](#)

[plot\\_assurance\\_with\\_robustness,](#) [16](#)  
[plot\\_bf\\_assurance\\_curve,](#) [17](#)  
[plot\\_bf\\_assurance\\_curve\\_smooth,](#) [17](#)  
[plot\\_bf\\_expected\\_evidence,](#) [18](#)  
[plot\\_bf\\_heatmap,](#) [19](#)  
[plot\\_decision\\_assurance\\_curve,](#) [20](#)  
[plot\\_decision\\_threshold\\_contour,](#) [21](#)  
[plot\\_interaction\\_surface,](#) [22](#)  
[plot\\_power\\_contour,](#) [23](#)  
[plot\\_power\\_heatmap,](#) [24](#)  
[plot\\_precision\\_assurance\\_curve,](#) [24](#)  
[plot\\_precision\\_fan\\_chart,](#) [25](#)